Time: 2 hours

First term examination of English

Topic 1:

<u>PART ONE</u>: READING Read the text carefully then do the activities. <u>Text:</u>

Since money came into use in the ancient world, there has been counterfeiting. Early money was in the form of coins with a specific content of gold, silver, or other metal in \underline{it} . Making counterfeit coins was relatively easy. A metal of equal weight could be gold- or silver-plated and passed on to the public as genuine.

Counterfeiting paper currency is a highly technical skill that calls for a talented draftsman, photographer, plate maker, and printer. Also necessary for the counterfeit money to be convincing are high-quality rag paper and the proper kind of ink.

With such technological advances as high-speed cameras, engraving machines, and ultra-sensitive lithographic presses, the time needed to produce counterfeit money has been shortened and the quality of the work much improved. To combat these problems the United States government has attempted to make detection of fraud easier by the use of very high-quality rag paper, the exact composition of <u>which</u> is secret. Even the green pigment and ink are made solely for the Bureau of Engraving. Other nations also use special paper and inks. In much foreign currency a distinctive watermark can be seen by holding the money up to the light.

Counterfeiting is a criminal offence in every country. A convention signed by many nations in Geneva, Switzerland, in 1929 provided for the centralization and cooperation of international police action to combat counterfeiting. Interpol had been nominated as the effective authority for this emission.

Adapted from the internet

A. Comprehension: (8pts)

1. The text is about: (1pt) a. Counterfeiting cars

b. Counterfeiting money

c. Counterfeiting clothes

2. Are the following statements true or false according to the text? (2pts)

- a. Counterfeiting existed since the appearance of money.
- b. Every person can be a counterfeiter.
- c. Technological development helped counterfeiters.
- d. Counterfeiting is legal in some countries.

3. Answer the following questions according to the text. (3pts)

- a. Why was counterfeiting in the past?
- b. What is needed to counterfeit paper currency?
- c. What did the United States Government do to combat counterfeiting?

4. In which paragraph it is mentioned that countries must help each other to stop money counterfeiting? (1pt)

5. Say what or who do the underlined words refer to in the text: (1pt)

It(§1):..... which(§3):.....

B. Text exploration: (7pts)

1. Find in the text words opposite in meaning to the following: (1pt) a. fake (§1) b. declined (§3)

2. Complete the following table: (3pts)

Verb	Noun	Adjective
To act		
	counterfeiting	
To forge		

3. Rewrite the sentences by keeping the same meaning: (2pts)

a. Lots of criminal organizations are forging money.

Money..... b. We must work together in order to improve conditions in our country. It's high time.....

4. Classify the following words according to the pronunciation of the final "s" (1pt)

Effects –signs –tasks – stories.

/s/	/z/	/iz/

PART TWO: Writing: (05 points)

Choose one of the following topics.

Topic one:

Some people think that buying counterfeit products benefits consumers because original products are very expensive.

Write a short paragraph in which you give your opinion with arguments.

Topic two:

People disagree about the relation between ethics and business, some of them think that ethics has nothing to do with business and others think that ethics has everything to do with it.

Write a short paragraph in which you express you own opinion with arguments.

First term examination of English

Topic 2:

PART ONE: READING

Read the text carefully then do the activities.

Text:

Read the text carefully then do the activities

Medical ethics are the principles or standards of human conduct with regard to the field of medicine, medical research, the philosophical analysis and discussion of these principles. Questions about medical ethics were, until the middle of the 20 century, thought to be for the medical profession alone to answer. There might be questions, for example, about whether it could be right to breach the strict code of confidentiality that holds between doctor and patient.

Should a patient's family be told if <u>he</u> or she were suffering from transmissible or heritable disease that the patient intended to conceal from family members? Should a cephalic baby, born without a brain, be quietly allowed to die by the doctor, and the parents told that the baby had died naturally? Could someone with a terminal illness be given drugs that would speed a painless death? Such problems still arise and in an acute form. It is still true, too, that if a doctor in the United Kingdom behaves in a professionally disgraceful way, he or she can be struck off from the register and barred from practice by other doctors. They make up the General Council and are responsible for the honour and trustworthiness of the profession.

Recently, the medical profession can no longer rely on <u>its</u> own conscience, for the questions they are faced with are no longer concerned with the relationship between individual doctors and their individual patients. The general public is better educated and has the power to take a share in ethical and public policy decision making.

Adapted from the internet

A/ Comprehension: (7pts)

1. Choose the best answer. (0.5pt)

- The text is: **a**. Argumentative **b**. expository **c**. narrative.

2. Say whether the following statements are true or false according to the text. (1.5pt)

- a. According to medical ethics, physicians should hold patients' secrets.
- b. Medical ethics is governed by the doctor's consciousness.
- **c.** Medical ethics is a modern issue.

3. Answer the questions according to the reading passage?(4pts)

- a. Which issue are doctors facing nowadays?
- **b.** Mention two ethical problems which medicine is facing nowadays.
- c. What will happen if a doctor breaks medical ethics in Britain?
- d. What makes general public a part in sharing ethical and public decision making?

4. What/ who do the underlined words in the text refer to? (1pt)

a. he (§1)..... **b.** its (§3)

5. In which paragraph is it mentioned that a doctor may be banned from practicing medicine if he behaves unethically? (1pt)

Text exploration: (7pts)

1. Find in the text words that are opposites in meaning to following.(1pt)

a. Stringent =/=...... (§1) **b**. Hide =/=...... (§2).

2. Complete the following table.(2pts)

Word	Prefix	Root	Suffix
Irresponsibility			
Disapproval			

3. Rewrite sentence (b) so that it means the same as (a) (2pts)

- **a.** Doctors should respect the code of ethics.
- **b.** It is high time.....
- **a.** Recently, the medical profession is witnessing many changes.
- b. Recently, many changes.....

4. Classify the following words according to the pronunciation of their final / s / (1pt)

• Doctors / patients / principles / confidentialities.

/S/ /Z/ /IZ/

5. Choose only four words to fill in the blanks so that the paragraph makes sense (1pts) illegal / drugs. /Pharmacies /medicines / legal / operations

Part Two: (5pts) choose only one topic.

Topic 1: Some people prefer private hospitals rather than the public one in spite of the fact that the government have spent a huge amount of money to prosper public health. Write a composition saying what you would do to make people trust in public health services if you were appointed as a minister of public health. Use these notes.

• Build specialised hospital in south / appoint doctors and professors specialized in different diseases /

cooperate with foreign universities /reinforce medical researchesetc.

Topic two: Counterfeiting is spreading every day in different fields even in the field of medicine .Write a composition saying what are the consequences of this unethical activity on people's health.